

MATH 582 HOMEWORK 2

WEEK 3

Winter, 2009

Due February 6


1. The language of sets consists of a single binary relation $\{\epsilon\}$. An *interpretation* (or a *model*) of the language of sets consists of a pair (D, E) , where D is the *domain of discourse* and E is a binary relation on D which is the interpretation of the membership relation ϵ . Once we provide an interpretation of the language of sets, all sentences in the language become true or false.


The simplest way of describing the relation E (for finite models) is as a *directed graph* (or a *digraph*.) The domain of discourse D is the nodes of the graph, and the edges of the graph (represented by arrows) determine the membership relation E . If x and y are nodes of the graph then $x \in y$ is true if there is an arrow from x to y ; and, $x \notin y$ if there is no arrow from x to y . For example, in the model **1e** below we have only $a \in b$ and $a \in c$ (so, $a \notin a$, $b \notin b$, $b \notin c$, $b \notin a$, $c \notin a$, $c \notin b$, $c \notin c$.) In this model the Axiom of Foundation is true:

- It holds for a because a has no elements (so the antecedent of the Axiom fails.)
- It holds for b because only $a \in b$, but a and b share no members (so the consequent of the Axiom is true.)
- It holds for c because only $a \in c$, but a and c share no members (so the consequent of the Axiom is true.)

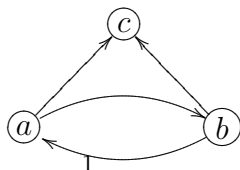
On the other hand, the Axiom of Extensionality is false. I leave it to you to show why.

For each of the following interpretations of set theory state which of axioms 1,2,4,5 are true. Explain your answer.

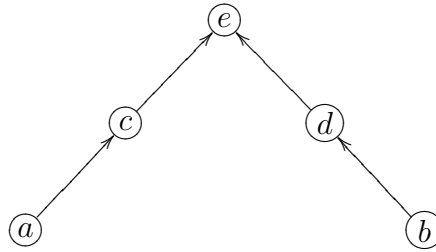
1a. $D = \{a\}$, E is 

1b. $D = \{a\}$, E is 

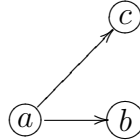
1c. $D = \{a, b, c\}$, E is



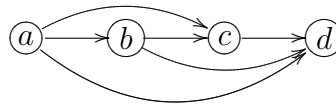
1d. $D = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$, E is



1e. $D = \{a, b, c\}$, E is



1f. $D = \{a, b, c, d\}$, E is



1g. $D = \{a, b, c\}$, E is



2. Which of the models in **1** satisfies Axiom of Extensionality and the statement that there is no empty set ($\neg \exists x \forall y (y \notin x)$.)

3. Show that model **1a** satisfies the Axiom of Comprehension.

4. Which of the models in **1** satisfies the Axioms of Extensionality and Comprehension but does not have pairwise unions – that is, the model will contain elements z, u but will contain no w satisfying $\forall x (x \in w \leftrightarrow x \in z \vee x \in u)$.